CBEC-20/06/03/2019-GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing

New Delhi, Dated the 18th July, 2019

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners / Chief Commissioners / Principal Commissioners / Commissioners of Central Tax (All)

The Principal Chief Commissioners / Chief Commissioners / Principal Commissioners / Commissioners of Customs / Customs (Preventive) (All)

The Principal Director Generals / Director Generals (All)

Madam/Sir,

<u>Subject: Clarification in respect of goods sent/taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion - reg.</u>

Various representations have been received from the trade and industry regarding procedure to be followed in respect of goods sent / taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion. Such goods sent / taken out of India crystallise into exports, wholly or partly, only after a gap of certain period from the date they were physically sent / taken out of India.

- 2. The matter has been examined and in view of the difficulties being faced by the trade and industry and to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168(1) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "CGST Act") hereby clarifies various issues in succeeding paragraphs.
- 3. As per section 7 of the CGST Act, for any activity or transaction to be considered a supply, it must satisfy twin tests namely-

- (i) it should be for a consideration by a person; and
- (ii) it should be in the course or furtherance of business.
- 4. The exceptions to the above are the activities enumerated in Schedule I of the CGST Act which are treated as supply even if made without consideration. Further, sub-section (21) of section 2 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "IGST Act") defines "supply", wherein it is clearly stated that it shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 7 of the CGST Act.
- 5. Section 16 of the IGST Act deals with "Zero rated supply". The provisions contained in the said section read as under:
 - 16. (1) "zero rated supply" means any of the following <u>supplies</u> of goods or services or both, namely:—
 - (a) export of goods or services or both; or
 - (b) supply of goods or services or both to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit.

Therefore, it can be concluded that only such 'supplies' which are either 'export' or are 'supply to SEZ unit / developer' would qualify as zero-rated supply.

- 6. It is, accordingly, clarified that the activity of sending / taking the goods out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion, except when such activity satisfy the tests laid down in Schedule I of the CGST Act (hereinafter referred to as the "specified goods"), do not constitute supply as the said activity does not fall within the scope of section 7 of the CGST Act as there is no consideration at that point in time. Since such activity is not a supply, the same cannot be considered as 'Zero rated supply' as per the provisions contained in section 16 of the IGST Act.
- 7. Since the activity of sending / taking specified goods out of India is not a supply, doubts have been raised by the trade and industry on issues relating to maintenance of records, issuance of delivery challan / tax invoice etc. These issues have been examined and the clarification on each of these points is as under: -

Sl.No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	Whether any records are	The registered person dealing in specified goods shall
	required to be	maintain a record of such goods as per the format at
	maintained by registered	Annexure to this Circular.
	person for sending /	
	taking specified goods	
	out of India?	
2.	What is the	a) As clarified above, the activity of sending / taking
	documentation required	specified goods out of India is not a supply.
	for sending / taking the	b) The said activity is in the nature of "sale on
	specified goods out of	approval basis" wherein the goods are sent / taken
	India?	outside India for the approval of the person
		located abroad and it is only when the said goods
		are approved that the actual supply from the
		exporter located in India to the importer located
		abroad takes place. The activity of sending /
		taking specified goods is covered under the
		provisions of sub-section (7) of section 31 of the
		CGST Act read with rule 55 of Central Goods &
		Services Tax Rules, 2017 (hereinafter referred to
		as the "CGST Rules").
		c) The specified goods shall be accompanied with a
		delivery challan issued in accordance with the
		provisions contained in rule 55 of the CGST
		Rules.
		d) As clarified in paragraph 6 above, the activity of
		sending / taking specified goods out of India is not
		a zero-rated supply. That being the case, execution
		of a bond or LUT, as required under section 16 of
		the IGST Act, is not required.
3.	When is the supply of	a) The specified goods sent / taken out of India are
	specified goods sent /	required to be either sold or brought back within
	taken out of India said to	the stipulated period of six months from the date
	take place?	of removal as per the provisions contained in sub-

b) The supply would be deemed to have taken place, on the expiry of six months from the date of removal, if the specified goods are neither sold abroad nor brought back within the said period. c) If the specified goods are sold abroad, fully or partially, within the specified period of six months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified soods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
removal, if the specified goods are neither sold abroad nor brought back within the said period. c) If the specified goods are sold abroad, fully or partially, within the specified period of six months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
abroad nor brought back within the said period. c) If the specified goods are sold abroad, fully or partially, within the specified period of six months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
c) If the specified goods are sold abroad, fully or partially, within the specified period of six months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
partially, within the specified period of six months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified signed bave been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
quantity so sold, on the date of such sale. 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
4. Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified when the specified goods sent / taken out of India are not brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period? 4. Whether invoice is required to be issued have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India are not brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
when the specified goods sent / taken out of India are not brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period? stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
goods sent / taken out of India are not brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period? sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
India are not brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period? Sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period? Description of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. Description of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Rules. Description of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Rules. Description of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Rules. Description of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Rules. Description of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Rules. Description of specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
partially, within the stipulated period? abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
stipulated period? contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either
have neither been sold nor brought back, either
fully or partially, within the stipulated period of
six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of
section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue
a tax invoice on the date of expiry of six months
from the date of removal, in respect of such
quantity of specified goods which have neither
been sold nor brought back, in accordance with
the provisions contained in section 12 and section
31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the
CGST Rules.
5. Whether the refund a) As clarified in para 5 above, the activity of
claims can be preferred sending / taking specified goods out of India is not
in respect of specified a zero-rated supply. That being the case, the
goods sent / taken out of sender of goods cannot prefer any refund claim

India but not brought	when the specified goods are sent / taken out of
back?	India.
	b) It has further been clarified in answer to question
	no. 3 above that the supply would be deemed to
	have taken place:
	(i) on the date of expiry of six months from the
	date of removal, if the specified goods are
	neither sold nor brought back within the said
	period; or
	(ii) on the date of sale, in respect of such quantity
	of specified goods which have been sold
	abroad within the specified period of six
	months.
	c) It is clarified accordingly that the sender can prefer
	refund claim even when the specified goods were
	sent / taken out of India without execution of a
	bond or LUT, if he is otherwise eligible for refund
	as per the provisions contained in sub-section (3)
	of section 54 the CGST Act read with sub-rule (4)
	of rule 89 of the CGST Rules, in respect of zero
	rated supply of goods after he has issued the tax
	invoice on the dates as has been clarified in
	answer to the question no. 4 above. It is further
	clarified that refund claim cannot be preferred
	under rule 96 of CGST Rules as supply is taking
	place at a time after the goods have already been
	sent / taken out of India earlier.

- 8. The above position is explained by way of illustrations below: *Illustrations*:
- i) M/s ABC sends 100 units of specified goods out of India. The activity of merely sending / taking such specified goods out of India is not a supply. No tax invoice is required to be issued in this case but the specified goods shall be accompanied with a delivery challan

www.abcaus.in

Circular No. 108/27/2019-GST

issued in accordance with the provisions contained in rule 55 of the CGST Rules. In case the entire quantity of specified goods is brought back within the stipulated period of six months from the date of removal, no tax invoice is required to be issued as no supply has taken place in such a case. In case, however, the entire quantity of specified goods is neither sold nor brought back within six months from the date of removal, a tax invoice would be required to be issued for entire 100 units of specified goods in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules within the time period stipulated under sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act.

ii) M/s ABC sends 100 units of specified goods out of India. The activity of sending / taking such specified goods out of India is not a supply. No tax invoice is required to be issued in this case but the specified goods shall be accompanied with a delivery challan issued in accordance with the provisions contained in rule 55 of the CGST Rules. If 10 units of specified goods are sold abroad say after one month of sending / taking out and another 50 units are sold say after two months of sending / taking out, a tax invoice would be required to be issued for 10 units and 50 units, as the case may be, at the time of each of such sale in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. If the remaining 40 units are not brought back within the stipulated period of six months from the date of removal, a tax invoice would be required to be issued for 40 units in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. Further, M/s ABC may claim refund of accumulated input tax credit in accordance with the provisions contained in subsection (3) of section 54 of the CGST Act read with sub-rule (4) of rule 89 of the CGST Rules in respect of zero-rated supply of 60 units.

- 9. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this circular.
- 10. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version would follow.

(Upender Gupta) Principal Commissioner (GST)

ANNEXURE

RECORD OF SPECIFIED GOODS SENT / TAKEN OUT OF INDIA AND BROUGHT BACK / SOLD ABROAD

Folio	Descriptio	Quantity unit	Valu	Total	Date	Delivery		Shipping		Details of		Invoice no.		Details of		Bill of	
No./Referen	n of	(Nos./grams/pie	e per	value	of	Challan		Bill no. & specified		& date		specified		Entry No.			
ce No.	specified	ce etc.)	unit	of the	remo	No. &		Date		goods				goods		& Date	
	goods			specifie	val	date				supplied (i.e.				brought			
				d goods	from					specified				back			
					place					goods not							
					of					brought							
					busin					back)							
					ess												
						No.	Dat			Quant	Val	No.	Date	Qua	Valu	No.	Date
							e	No	Date	ity	ue			ntity	e		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17	(18)
)	